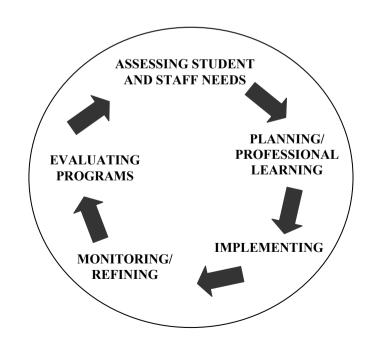


## **WAGGA WAGGA PUBLIC SCHOOL**

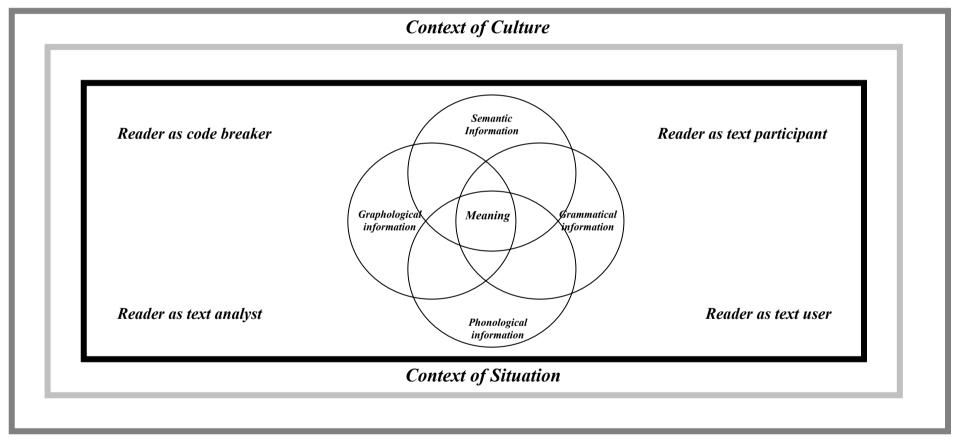
## LITERACY STRATEGY 2004 – 2007

	2004	2005	2006	2007					
FOCUS AREA: PLANNING IMPLEMENTING	Reading	Writing	Talking & Listening						
FOCUS AREA: MONITORING/ REFINING		Reading	Writing	Talking & Listening					
FOCUS AREA: EVALUATING			Reading	Writing					
ONGOING DEVELOPMENT									



### **A MODEL OF READING**

Reading is a complex process which involves interaction between the reader and the language and ideas of the text. It involves readers in drawing upon their existing knowledge of the world, of language and of the written code in order to attend to the visual information of the text. The diagram below indicates visually the elements of reading and their relationships to each other.



The goal of reading is to construct meaning from written text.

#### PRINCIPLE COMPONENTS OF LITERACY LEARNING AT WAGGA WAGGA PUBLIC SCHOOL

#### 1. <u>AIM</u>

All literacy sessions, K-6, aim to:

- > encourage positive attitudes towards learning to, and about, reading;
- > develop students' ability to use language effectively;
- > enable critical reflection on how language works; and
- > develop students' skills and strategies to confidently and competently read a range of literary and factual texts for information and enjoyment.

#### 2. LITERACY SESSIONS

Literacy lessons are consolidated into a comprehensive block or session which, barring unavoidable changes to routines, remains uninterrupted.

In addition to literacy sessions, the key strands of English – reading, writing, talking and listening – are integrated into lessons across all KLA's.

#### 3. <u>SESSION COMPONENTS</u>

The three core strands of English (Talking & Listening, Reading, Writing) are integrated into each literacy session.

Teaching & Learning programs show evidence of opportunities for:

- core skill development;
- guided, modelled and independent learning;
- grouping of students to work at their own level;
- reflection and evaluation of progress;
- explicit quality lessons which systematically address syllabus and school requirements to meet student needs.

#### 4. **HOME READING**

The Home Reading Program is a key component in developing and building upon basic skills and strategies developed at school. All students are encouraged to participate by borrowing levelled readers to read at home on a nightly basis.

#### 5. <u>COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS OF ASSESSMENT DATA</u>

A variety of assessment strategies (formative, summative and diagnostic) are employed across the school to collect accurate and purposeful information on all students' learning abilities and needs.

Assessment tasks aim to gather data to guide the development of programs within the classroom and across the school. Teachers work together to plan consistent tasks which will provide authentic evidence of students levels of achievement and progress made.

#### 6. PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT

Parents are encouraged to become active partners in the development of fundamental skills and strategies. Parents can help by:

- establishing routines for the completion of homework and home reading;
- attending or reading information given on supporting literacy learning;
- participating in information evenings;
- participating in parent/teacher interviews;
- encouraging and acknowledging their children;
- supporting the school in its initiatives.

									STAGE 1 P.	LAN				
Targets/ Intended	Implementation		Tim	eline		Indicato	•	Specific Linked	Key	Explicit Implementation				
Outcomes	Strategies	T1	T2	<i>T3</i>	T4	Succe	SS	Outcomes for Stage 1	Responsibility of:	Strategies for Stage 1				
To identify areas for improvement/change within the school that will lead to improved student outcomes in literacy and numeracy.	Review the STLA program and T/L programs being implemented in the school and implement changes where needed.		•	•	•	Three Year Pl The implement of literacy and numeracy at V is evaluated.	tation	<ul> <li>To clearly identify all students strengths and areas for development.</li> <li>To promote a cohesive working environment in</li> </ul>	STLA Class teachers  All ES1 and S1 teachers STLA	<ul> <li>□ Consistent initial assessment of all students across the stage.</li> <li>□ Ongoing assessment of students and modification of programs.</li> <li>□ Implementation of across stage Literacy Groups (Year 1 and 2) and Kindergarten Groups.</li> </ul>				
	Develop a literacy/numeracy strategy for the school (3 Year Plan).		•	•	•	Staff develop a literacy and numerac strategy for the school.  Strategies are implemented with student results evaluated.  A sustained improvement in student outcomes.		literacy and numeracy strategy for the		literacy and numeracy strategy for the		which teachers are working together to develop programs and provide explicit teaching and	RR teacher Teacher's Aides	<ul> <li>□ Utilisation of STLA to provide support for high needs students.</li> <li>□ Explicit and systematic teaching and learning opportunities for students.</li> </ul>
	Work with Stage Supervisors to ensure their support for staff is effective.	•	•	•	•			learning opportunities for students. • To implement programs to move	All ES1 and S1 teachers	<ul> <li>□ Shared programming, encompassing consistent routines and content, to provide continuity across the stage.</li> <li>□ Commitment to uninterrupted</li> </ul>				
	Conduct analysis of assessments – identify areas of need.	•			•			all students towards the achievement of WWPS Reading Continuum levels.	STLA RR teacher Teacher's Aides	time for Literacy Groups.  Focussed planning to specifically target concepts as per WWPS Reading Continuum.  Implementation of Peer Tutoring				
	Ensure appropriate     Professional     Learning     opportunities are     available for staff.	•	•	•	•			To closely monitor student progress and continue to deliver quality programs aimed at specific learning needs.	Classroom teachers	<ul> <li>□ Parent training sessions to         encourage support from home.</li> <li>□ Training and Development         opportunities to expand teacher         competencies.</li> </ul>				
		A	t the	conclu	ision o	f 2004, Stag	ge 1 wil	ll present the follow	ving:					
Written Evidence	Student Data – and Repor	ting				volvement		rmation to Staff	Information to Par	teachers				
Teaching and Learning Programs STLA group program (IEP) ES1/1 Literacy Assessment Pack Stage 1 Literacy document including resources	Text Reading Level -Bei Phonemic Awareness - E Conkey/ S1 - Rosner (Do Sight word knowledge - folder Letter/sound ID - not pro Double sounds/digraphs Concepts about print - R Writing high frequency - prompted - RR Spelling - Dolch 100	SS1 – W. odds?) Dolch/ V ompts, pie – STLA .R	VWW ctures	Parent helpers for a Homework Home Reading Participation in org training sessions			Assessme documen Collation demonstr	of assessment data to ate student progress g of strategies used to	Information letter Invitation to assist with group Newsletter section to promote literacy learning. Direct concern for students ca concern. End of term/semester progres reports.	Documentation on support received if applicable. Evidence of program students were working on to ensure smooth				

# WWPS LITERACY ASSESSMENT SCHEDULE FOCUS AREA: READING

	K	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5	YEAR 6
TERM 1	STLA initial assessment: Running Record - TRL Letter/Sound ID Sounds Concepts about Print Phonemic Awareness CC test Reading Work Samples	Literacy Groups formed Running Records Reading Work Samples	Literacy Groups formed Running Records Reading Work Samples	Support students identified Reading Work Samples	Support students identified Reading Work Samples	Support students identified Reading Work Samples	Support students identified Reading Work Samples
		•	STLA co	nducts Running Record and	Diagnostic Testing on new en	rolments.	<b></b>
TERM 2	Running Record – TRL Phonemic Awareness CC Test Letter/Sound ID Double sounds/digraphs Concepts about Print Writing – high frequency Sight Words - DOLCH Spelling – DOLCH Reading Work Samples	Running Record – TRL Phonemic Awareness CC Test Letter/Sound ID Double sounds/digraphs Concepts about Print Writing – high frequency Sight Words - DOLCH Spelling – DOLCH Reading Work Samples	Running Record – TRL Phonemic Awareness CC Test Letter/Sound ID Double sounds/digraphs Concepts about Print Writing – high frequency Sight Words - DOLCH Spelling – DOLCH Reading Work Samples	Running Record – TRL Reading Work Samples	Running Record – TRL Reading Work Samples	Running Record – TRL 1 minute reads Reading Work Samples	Running Record – TRL 1 minute reads Reading Work Samples
TERM 3	Running Record – TRL Reading Work Samples	Running Record – TRL Reading Work Samples	Running Record – TRL Reading Work Samples	Basic Skills Test Reading Work Samples	Reading Work Samples	Basic Skills Test Reading Work Samples	Reading Work Samples
TERM 4	Phonemic Awareness CC Test Letter/Sound ID Double sounds/digraphs Concepts about Print Writing – high frequency Sight Words - DOLCH Spelling – DOLCH Reading Work Samples  STLA: Running Record - TRL	Phonemic Awareness CC Test Letter/Sound ID Double sounds/digraphs Concepts about Print Writing – high frequency Sight Words - DOLCH Spelling – DOLCH Reading Work Samples  STLA: Running Record - TRL	Phonemic Awareness CC Test Letter/Sound ID Double sounds/digraphs Concepts about Print Writing – high frequency Sight Words - DOLCH Spelling - DOLCH Reading Work Samples  STLA: Running Record - TRL	Running Record – TRL SA Spelling Reading Work Samples Basic Skills analysis and follow up	Running Record – TRL SA Spelling Reading Work Samples	Running Record – TRL SA Spelling BURT reading Reading Work Samples Basic Skills analysis and follow up	Running Record – TRL SA Spelling BURT reading Reading Work Samples
	Tracking Cards completed  – to supervisors	Tracking Cards completed – to supervisors	Tracking Cards completed – to supervisors	Tracking Cards completed  – to supervisors	Tracking Cards completed – to supervisors	Tracking Cards completed – to supervisors	Tracking Cards completed – to supervisors

FOCUS AREA:	Τ	TEA	CHIN	G AN	D LEA	KNI	NG		T		GE 1 / STAGE 1
Targets/ Intended	Imn	lementation		Tim	eline		Indicato	ors of	Specific Linked	STAGE 1 P.	
Outcomes	_	Strategies	<i>T1</i>	<i>T2</i>	<i>T3</i>	<i>T4</i>	Succe		Outcomes for Stage 1	Responsibility of:	Explicit Implementation Strategies for Stage 1
Teachers engage in effective classroom practice.	Pro Le opp sta  Su lea eff	pervise stage ders and ensure ective support.	•	•	•	•	Improved stude outcomes. State engaging in Professional I opportunities.  Demonstrated awareness of implementation practice in cla	dearning and on of best assrooms.	To develop an enhanced sense of collegiality amongst Stage 1 staff by promoting a culture of professional sharing and encouraging ongoing professional dialogue. To ensure teachers are given every opportunity to achieve	AP Stage 1 staff	<ul> <li>□ Regular meeting times to allow for shared planning, programming and evaluation.</li> <li>□ Regularly monitoring progress of stage programs and providing feedback of successes and areas for improvement.</li> <li>□ Sharing of ideas, resources, proformas, great ideas etc. by all stage staff.</li> <li>□ Establishment of Professional Development Plans for all staff</li> <li>□ Identification of and</li> </ul>
	-	tended acticum.					and continuur resource units C&PA.	in	their identified and negotiated Professional Development goals.		<ul> <li>□ Identification of, and participation in, relevant training courses.</li> <li>□ Support from DO staff.</li> </ul>
To develop a culture in which students take a greater role in their learning and set high standards for personal and school	• De	off training dertaken.  Evelopment of vised assessment occdures.	•	•	•	•	Attendance at programs.  Use of portfol self assessment techniques by	ios and	<ul> <li>To celebrate student achievements and publicly acknowledge their successes.</li> <li>To continue to maintain high</li> </ul>	Stage 1 staff  AP Principal	<ul> <li>□ Model high standards and monitor all student work.</li> <li>□ Periodically sending books to AP and Principal.</li> <li>□ Develop student's skills at setting goals, maintaining high</li> </ul>
achievements.	and em	wards for effort d attitude uphasised. aff not to accept cond best efforts.	•	•	•	•	Improvement student outcomes of the student outcomes o	mes, of work, a mber of	standards across all areas of student work.	Stage 1 staff Stage 1 students	standards and evaluating their own work.  Ongoing presentation of student work via noticeboards.  Introduce new weekly stage certificates (Star of the Week, Citizenship, Literacy).  Via the newsletter, publish all award winners and notify parents of work which is being displayed.
			A	t the	conclu	sion o	1 of 2004, Stag	ge 1 will	present the follow	ving:	aispiayea.
Written Evidenc		Student Assessment an	Data – id Repo	- rting			volvement		mation to Staff	Information to Pare	teacners
Teaching and Learning Pro Professional Development Newsletter	eaching and Learning Programs Student work samples and books		Newsletter Invitations to view work				Acknowledgement of awards/successes	Work samples Student goals from end of 2004			

<b>FOCUS AREA:</b>		TEA	CHIN	G AN	D LEA	RNI	NG			STA	GE	2
				Tim	alina					STAGE 2 P	LAN	T
Targets/Intended Outcomes	_	lementation trategies	<i>T1</i>	Tim	eline T3	T4	Indicator Succes		Specific Linked Outcomes for Stage 2	Key Responsibility of:	1	Explicit Implementation Strategies for Stage 2
Teachers engage in effective classroom practice.	Pro Lea opp sta:  Suplea efform Pare ext	ovide identified ofessional arning portunities for ff.  pervise stage ders and ensure ective support.  ticipate in CSU ended cticum.	•	•	•	•	Improved stude outcomes. Staff engaging in Professional Le opportunities.  Demonstrated awareness of an implementation practice in class Development of and continuum resource units in C&PA.	arning  d  of best srooms.	To provide specific training to meet the needs of staff  To ensure explicit outcomes and teaching practices are employed.  To develop materials for assessment and documentation across the Stage.	Executive  Stage 2 teachers.  Literacy team STLA		Bring in guest speakers to meet Stage needs.  Sharing of resources and strategies at Stage meetings.  Identify required assessment strategies/tasks.  Nominate and support staff member responsible for the development of Stage appropriate resources.
To develop a culture in which students take a greater role in their learning and set high standards for personal and school achievements.	De rev pro     Aw and em      Sta	ff training dertaken.  velopment of ised assessment cedures.  vards for effort I attitude phasised.  ff not to accept ond best efforts.	•	•	•	•	Attendance at S programs.  Use of portfolio self assessment techniques by st Improvement in student outcome presentation of drop in the num detentions/suspe	es and tudents. tudents. es, work, a ber of	<ul> <li>To ensure high regulation and engagement in teaching/learning content and provide appropriate follow up as needed.</li> <li>To implement student run interviews with parents.</li> <li>To increase engagement resulting in an increase in student achievement of outcomes and a decrease in inappropriate behaviours.</li> </ul>	Stage 2 students Stage 2 teachers Stage 2 teachers		Monitoring of programs and student progress.  Design and share portfolio samples. Student self-assessment of outcomes. Training of students in identifying outcomes and assessing accurately.  Student input into resources, units, presentation methods etc.
			A	t the	conclu	sion o	of 2004, Stage	e 2 wil	present the follow	ving:		
Written Evidenc	ce	Student Assessment an			Parei	ntal In	volvement	Infor	mation to Staff	Information to Pare	nts	Information to 2005 teachers
Teaching and Learning Pro Individual Education Plans Groupings Assessment folders		Student portfolio Student led interv	views	e end of	Home r Reading	eading g groups	;   1	Profession opportun	onal Learning	Portfolios Newsletter Class newsletters ution the following year.		Manilla folders - profiles

<b>FOCUS AREA:</b>	TEAC	CHIN	G AN	D LEA	RNI	NG		STAGE 3		
T // 1 1 1			Tim	eline				STAGE 3 PL	LAN	
Targets/Intended Outcomes	Implementation Strategies	<i>T1</i>	<i>T2</i>	<i>T3</i>	<i>T4</i>	Indicators of Success	Specific Linked Outcomes for Stage 3	Key Responsibility of:	Explicit Implementation Strategies for Stage 3	
Teachers engage in effective classroom practice.	Provide identified Professional Learning opportunities for staff.  Supervise stage leaders and ensure effective support.  Participate in CSU extended practicum.	•	•	•	•	Improved student outcomes. Staff engaging in Professional Learning opportunities.  Demonstrated awareness of and implementation of best practice in classrooms.  Development of scope and continuum and resource units in C&PA.  Attendance at SDD	<ul> <li>To provide specific training to meet the needs of staff in ensuring explicit outcomes and teaching practices are employed.</li> <li>To put structures and practices in place to ensure consistency and continuity of teaching/learning opportunities across the stage.</li> </ul>	Executive Stage 3 teachers.	<ul> <li>□ Bring in guest speakers to meet         Stage needs.</li> <li>□ Regular monitoring of         programs in relation to meeting         the needs of student and school         requirements.</li> <li>□ Regular stage meetings         □ Consolidate best practices into         Stage programs.</li> <li>□ Sharing of resources and         strategies at Stage meetings.</li> </ul>	
To develop a culture in which students take a greater role in their learning and set high standards for personal and school achievements.	<ul> <li>Staff training undertaken.</li> <li>Development of revised assessment procedures.</li> <li>Awards for effort and attitude emphasised.</li> <li>Staff not to accept second best efforts.</li> </ul>	•	•	•	•	programs.  Use of portfolios and self assessment techniques by students.  Improvement in student outcomes, presentation of work, a drop in the number of detentions/suspensions.	<ul> <li>To ensure high regulation and engagement in teaching/learning content and provide appropriate follow up as needed.</li> <li>To continue to maintain high standards across all areas of student work.</li> </ul>	Stage 3 teachers Executive  AP Stage 3 teachers Principle	<ul> <li>□ Monitoring of programs and student progress.</li> <li>□ Modelling high standards and monitor all student work.</li> <li>□ Periodically sending books to AP and Principal</li> <li>□ Develop student's skills at setting goals and evaluating their own progress.</li> </ul>	

	At the conclusion of 2004, Stage 3 will present the following:											
Written Evidence	Written Evidence Student Data – Assessment and Reporting Parental Involvement Information to Staff Information to Parents											
Teaching and Learning Programs	Student portfolios	Attendance at interviews	Staff and Stage meetings	Portfolios	Manilla folders - profiles							
Individual Education Plans	Student led interviews		Professional Learning	Newsletter	_							
Groupings			opportunities	Class newsletters								
Assessment folders	At the end of	the year all student folders are to	be sent to Stage Leaders for distr	bution the following year.								

<b>FOCUS AREA:</b>	TEAC	CHIN	G AN	D LEA	RNI	NG		STA	GE 1
								STAGE 1 PL	AN
Targets/Intended	Implementation		Tim	eline	1	Indicators of	Specific Linked	Key	Explicit Implementation Strategies for Stage 1
Outcomes	Strategies	<i>T1</i>	<i>T2</i>	<i>T3</i>	T4	Success	Outcomes for Stage 1	Responsibility of:	
Teachers engage in effective classroom practice.	Provide identified Professional Learning opportunities for staff.		•	•	•	Improved student outcomes. Staff engaging in Professional Learning opportunities.			
	Supervise stage leaders and ensure effective support.	•	•	•	•	Demonstrated awareness of and implementation of best practice in classrooms.			
	Participate in CSU extended practicum.		•	•	•	Development of scope and continuum and resource units in C&PA.			
To develop a culture in which students take a	Staff training undertaken.	•	•	•	•	Attendance at SDD programs.			
greater role in their learning and set high standards for personal and school achievements.	Development of revised assessment procedures.	•	•	•	•	Use of portfolios and self assessment techniques by students.			
acinevenients.	Awards for effort and attitude emphasised.	•	•	•	•	Improvement in student outcomes, presentation of work, a drop in the number of			
	Staff not to accept second best efforts.	•	•	•	•	detentions/suspensions.			

	At the conclusion of 2004, Stage 1 will present the following:											
Written Evidence	Student Data – Assessment and Reporting	Parental Involvement	Information to Staff	Information to Parents	Information to 2005 teachers							

<b>FOCUS AREA:</b>	LEAI	DERS	HIP A	ND M	IANA	GEMENT		EARLY STAG	E 1 / STAGE 1
Tana ata/ Int and ad	In all and and add an		Tim	eline		Indiantons of		STAGE 1 PL	LAN
Targets/Intended Outcomes	Implementation Strategies	<i>T1</i>	T2	<i>T3</i>	<i>T4</i>	Indicators of Success	Specific Linked Outcomes for Stage 1	Key Responsibility of:	Explicit Implementation Strategies for Stage 1
To identify areas for improvement/change within the school that will lead to improved student outcomes in literacy and numeracy.	Review the STLA program and T/L programs being implemented in the school and implement changes where needed.  Develop a literacy/numeracy strategy for the school (3 Year Plan).  Work with Stage Supervisors to ensure their support for staff is effective.  Conduct analysis of assessments — identify areas of	•	•	•	•	Three Year Plan.  The implementation of literacy and numeracy at WWPS is evaluated.  Staff develop a literacy and numeracy strategy for the school.  Strategies are implemented with student results evaluated.  A sustained improvement in student outcomes.	• To clearly identify all students strengths and areas for development. • To promote a cohesive working environment in which teachers are working together to develop programs and provide explicit teaching and learning opportunities for students. • To implement programs to move all students towards the achievement of WWPS Reading	STLA Class teachers  All ES1 and S1 teachers STLA RR teacher Teacher's Aides  All ES1 and S1 teachers STLA RR teacher Teacher's Aides	<ul> <li>□ Consistent initial assessment of all students across the stage.</li> <li>□ Ongoing assessment of students and modification of programs.</li> <li>□ Implementation of across stage Literacy Groups (Year 1 and 2) and Kindergarten Groups.</li> <li>□ Utilisation of STLA to provide support for high needs students.</li> <li>□ Explicit and systematic teaching and learning opportunities for students.</li> <li>□ Shared programming, encompassing consistent routines and content, to provide continuity across the stage.</li> <li>□ Commitment to uninterrupted time for Literacy Groups.</li> <li>□ Focussed planning to specifically target concepts as per WWPS</li> </ul>
	need.  • Ensure appropriate Professional Learning opportunities are available for staff.	•	•	•	•		Continuum levels.  To closely monitor student progress and continue to deliver quality programs aimed at specific learning needs.	STLA Classroom teachers	Reading Continuum.  □ Implementation of Peer Tutoring.  □ Parent training sessions to encourage support from home.  □ Training and Development opportunities to expand teacher competencies.

	At the	conclusion of 2004, Stag	ge 1 will present the follo	wing:	
Written Evidence	Student Data – Assessment and Reporting	Parental Involvement	Information to Staff	Information to Parents	Information to 2005 teachers
Teaching and Learning	Text Reading Level -Benchmark kit	Parent helpers for groups	Availability of Literacy	Information letter	Final assessment data on tracking
Programs	Phonemic Awareness - ES1 – W.	Homework	Assessment Pack and Literacy	Invitation to assist with groups	card.
STLA group program (IEP)	Conkey/ S1 – Rosner (Dodds?)	Home Reading	document.	Newsletter section to promote	Student profiles
ES1/1 Literacy Assessment	Sight word knowledge - Dolch/ WWW	Participation in organised	Collation of assessment data to	literacy learning.	Documentation on support received
Pack	folder	training sessions	demonstrate student progress	Direct concern for students causing	if applicable.
Stage 1 Literacy document	Letter/sound ID – not prompts, pictures		Publishing of strategies used to	concern.	Evidence of program students were
including resources	Double sounds/digraphs – STLA		achieve success.	End of term/semester progress	working on to ensure smooth
	Concepts about print – RR			reports.	transition.
	Writing high frequency – 10 minutes,				
	prompted – RR				
	Spelling – Dolch 100 At th	e end of the year all student folde	rs are to be sent to Stage Leaders	for distribution the following year.	

FOCUS AREA: LEADERSHIP AND MANA						GEMENT		EARLY STAC	GE 1 / STAGE 1
						STAGE 1 PLAN			
Targets/Intended	Implementation		Tim	eline		Indicators of	Specific Linked	Key	Explicit Implementation
Outcomes	Strategies	T1	T2	<i>T3</i>	T4	Success	Outcomes for Stage 1	Responsibility of:	Strategies for Stage 1
To identify areas for improvement/change within the school that will lead to improved student outcomes in literacy and numeracy.	Review the STLA program and T/L programs being implemented in the school and implement changes where needed.      Develop a		•	•	•	Three Year Plan.  The implementation of literacy and numeracy at WWPS is evaluated.  Staff develop a	<ul> <li>To clearly identify all students strengths and areas for development.</li> <li>To promote a cohesive working environment in which teachers are</li> </ul>	STLA Class teachers  All ES1 and S1 teachers STLA RR teacher	<ul> <li>□ Consistent initial assessment of all students across the stage.</li> <li>□ Ongoing assessment of students and modification of programs.</li> <li>□ Implementation of across stage Literacy Groups (Year 1 and 2) and Kindergarten Groups.</li> <li>□ Utilisation of STLA to provide</li> </ul>
	literacy/numeracy strategy for the school (3 Year Plan).					literacy and numeracy strategy for the school.	which teachers are working together to develop programs and provide explicit teaching and learning opportunities for students.  To implement programs to move	Teacher's Aides is icit  All ES1 and S1 teachers	support for high needs students.  □ Explicit and systematic teaching and learning opportunities for students.
	Work with Stage Supervisors to ensure their support for staff is effective.	•	•	•	•	Strategies are implemented with student results evaluated.			<ul> <li>□ Shared programming, encompassing consistent routines and content, to provide continuity across the stage.</li> <li>□ Commitment to uninterrupted</li> </ul>
	Conduct analysis of assessments – identify areas of need.	•			•	A sustained improvement in student outcomes.	all students towards the achievement of WWPS Reading Continuum levels.	STLA RR teacher Teacher's Aides	time for Literacy Groups.  □ Focussed planning to specifically target concepts as per WWPS Reading Continuum.
	Ensure appropriate     Professional     Learning     opportunities are     available for staff.	•	•	•	•		To closely monitor student progress and continue to deliver quality programs aimed at specific learning needs.	STLA Classroom teachers	<ul> <li>☐ Implementation of Peer Tutoring.</li> <li>☐ Parent training sessions to         encourage support from home.</li> <li>☐ Training and Development         opportunities to expand teacher         competencies.</li> </ul>

At the conclusion of 2004, Stage 1 will present the following:								
Written Evidence	Student Data – Assessment and Reporting	Parental Involvement	Information to Staff	Information to Parents	Information to 2005 teachers			
Teaching and Learning	Text Reading Level -Benchmark kit	Parent helpers for groups	Availability of Literacy	Information letter	Final assessment data on tracking			
Programs	Phonemic Awareness - ES1 – W.	Homework	Assessment Pack and Literacy	Invitation to assist with groups	card.			
STLA group program (IEP)	Conkey/ S1 – Rosner (Dodds?)	Home Reading	document.	Newsletter section to promote	Documentation on support received			
ES1/1 Literacy Assessment	Sight word knowledge – Dolch/ WWW	Participation in organised	Collation of assessment data to	literacy learning.	if applicable.			
Pack	folder	training sessions	demonstrate student progress	Direct concern for students causing	Evidence of program students were			
Stage 1 Literacy document	Letter/sound ID – not prompts, pictures	_	Publishing of strategies used to	concern.	working on to ensure smooth			
including resources	Double sounds/digraphs – STLA		achieve success.	End of term/semester progress	transition.			
	Concepts about print – RR			reports.				
	Writing high frequency – 10 minutes,							
	prompted – RR							
	Spelling – Dolch 100 At th	e end of the year all student folde	rs are to be sent to Stage Leaders	for distribution the following year.				

<b>FOCUS AREA:</b>	LEA	DERS	HIP A	ND M	IANA	GEMENT			STAGE 2
Tana ata/ Int an da d	In all our out ation		<i>T</i> :	10		In diameters of		STAGE 2 PI	LAN
Targets/Intended Outcomes	Implementation Strategies	<i>T1</i>	Time	eline T3	T4	Indicators of Success	Specific Linked Outcomes for Stage 2	Key Responsibility of:	Explicit Implementation Strategies for Stage 2
To identify areas for improvement/change within the school that will lead to improved student outcomes in literacy and numeracy.	Review the STLA program and T/L programs being implemented in the school and implement changes where needed.      Develop a		•	•	•	Three Year Plan.  The implementation of literacy and numeracy at WWPS is evaluated.  Staff develop a	To have all students reading at, or beyond, Level 30 by the end of Year 4.  To develop Stage	Stage 2 parents Stage 2 students STLA Stage 2 teachers LST Stage 2 teachers	□ Identify students who:  1. have not reached Level 24 by the end of Year 2; 2. achieved results in the low bands of the BST. □ Use PM Kit to assess students at the end of each semester. □ Internship project to develop
	literacy/numeracy strategy for the school (3 Year Plan).					literacy and numeracy strategy for the school.	specific resources and tools of assessment.  To identify students	CSU Internship  Stage 2 teachers	materials.  □ Seek out resources from other schools.  □ Working Towards Stage 2:
	Work with Stage Supervisors to ensure their support for staff is effective.	•	•	•	•	Strategies are implemented with student results s	and implement skills programs and strategies to cater for different abilities.	Stage 2 students Stage 2 parents STLA	<ul> <li>Phonemic Awareness</li> <li>Glass Analysis</li> <li>Jolly Phonics</li> <li>Development of a resource kit Working At Stage 2:</li> <li>Motivation factor for average</li> </ul>
	Conduct analysis of assessments – identify areas of need.	•			•				readers  7 minute reads  Peer Tutoring  Internal swapping of students between teachers.
	Ensure appropriate     Professional     Learning     opportunities are     available for staff.	•	•	•	•				<ul> <li>➤ Tap into interest</li> <li>➤ Share units.</li> <li>□ Working beyond Stage 2:</li> <li>➤ Reading for meaning on texts – literary and factual. Stage 8 to Story Chest and Literacy Collections.</li> <li>➤ Self-regulated activities</li> </ul>

At the conclusion of 2004, Stage 2 will present the following:							
Written Evidence	Student Data – Assessment and Reporting	Parental Involvement	Information to Staff	Information to Parents	Information to 2005 teachers		
Teaching and Learning Programs Individual Education Plans Groupings Assessment folders	Running Records SA Spelling – at the end of the year (include copy of test for each child) Writing samples – draft, unedited	Increased participation in Home Reading program Parent helpers – invitation to help with groups. Training for parents in literacy support for children in the classroom and at home.	Shared resources and programs	Classroom newsletters	Manilla folders – profiles Tracking cards		
	At the end of t	he year all student folders are to b	be sent to Stage Leaders for distrib	ution the following year.			

FOCUS AREA:	LEAI	DERSE	HIP A	ND M	IANA	GEMENT			STAGE 3
								STAGE 3 PL	AN
Targets/ Intended Outcomes	Implementation Strategies	<i>T1</i>	Tim T2	eline T3	<i>T4</i>	Indicators of Success	Specific Linked Outcomes for	Key Responsibility	Explicit Implementation Strategies for Stage 3
To identify areas for improvement/change within the school that will lead to improved student outcomes in literacy and numeracy.	Review the STLA program and T/L programs being implemented in the school and implement changes where needed. Develop a literacy/numeracy strategy for the school (3 Year Plan). Work with Stage Supervisors to ensure their support for staff is effective. Conduct analysis of assessments — identify areas of need.  Ensure appropriate Professional Learning opportunities are available for staff.	•	•	•	•	Three Year Plan.  The implementation of literacy and numeracy at WWPS is evaluated.  Staff develop a literacy and numeracy strategy for the school.  Strategies are implemented with student results evaluated.  A sustained improvement in student outcomes.	<ul> <li>Stage 3</li> <li>To develop students' reading skills and strategies.</li> <li>To nurture positive reading attitudes and students' enjoyment of reading.</li> <li>To promote and motivate recreational reading.</li> </ul>	Stage 3 parents  Stage 3 teachers Stage 3 students	□ Assess students (BURT test) to identify students who are not reading at chronological age or better.  Nominate students, through LST, for STLA assistance.  □ Develop classroom programs which focus on instruction in:  ■ Decoding/word attack skills  ■ Daily intensive reading instruction  ■ Basic research and summarising skills  ■ Dictionary/thesaurus/atlas/encyclopaedia skills.  ■ Working knowledge of grammar and punctuation  ■ Top 200 high frequency spelling words.  ■ Developing fluency – 1 minute reads at 120+WPM  ■ Reading with expression and intonation  ■ 7 minute reads  □ Provide all students with access to a variety of high quality/age appropriate reading material.  □ Promote literacy through 'Literacy Links' in the school newsletter.  □ Encourage parents to become active partners.
		<b>A</b> 1	t the	conclu	sion o	of 2004, Stage 3 wi	ll present the follow	wing:	
Written Evidence	Student Data – and Repor		ient	Parer	ital In	volvement Info	rmation to Staff	Information to Pare	ents Information to 2005 teachers
Teaching and Learning Programs Individual Education Plans Groupings Assessment folders	Running Records Phonemic testing BURT reading 1 minute reads Top 200 spelling SA spelling	At the e	nd of th	newslette Greater i home ro	er interest ar utines	the school Indestablished  Staff med T & D  t folders are to be sent to	etings Stage Leaders for distrib	Parent information evenings Class newsletters Reports Portfolios Parent/Teacher interviews  ation the following year.	Student levels of achievement Student profiles Tracking cards

## WAGGA WAGGA PUBLIC SCHOOL READING CONTINUUM

T CERADE I	READING V	VISUAL PROCESSING	SOUND AWARENESS	LETTER SOUND RELATIONSHIP	READING SKILLS AND STRATEGIES
3. • By the Semes 6. • Reads	ter 1 – Level e end of ter 2 – Level simple y and factual  •	book. Recognise that words are units of print with a space on either side, that they carry a message and have constant meanings. Automatically recognise whole common words by sight. Shows an awareness of the horizontal nature of print. Follow text directionality from L to R, including knowledge that letters are written from left to right to form individual words. Discriminate between letters through matching activities.	<ul> <li>Recognise that words are made up of sounds.</li> <li>Join in rhymes and chants.</li> <li>Recognise rhymes and provide a rhyming word.</li> <li>Segment oral sentences into individual words.</li> <li>Segment spoken multisyllabic words into syllables (ba-nana), using clapping or drum beats.</li> <li>Say the first sound in a spoken word.</li> <li>Recognise spoken words that begin with the same sound or a given sound.</li> <li>Vocally 'stretch' a word (ma-n, sh-o-p), using a hand gesture to support the stretching concept, to highlight the first, middle and last sounds.</li> <li>Say the last sound in a spoken word.</li> <li>Hears and articulates sound segments in words.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Achieve the insight that written words refer to spoken words.</li> <li>Say the most common sounds for all the lower-case letters.</li> <li>Identify new words using known letter-sound relationships.</li> <li>Blend known letter-sound relationships to form ve and eve spoken and written words.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Distinguishes print from drawings.</li> <li>Makes acceptable substitutions when reading.</li> <li>Identifies repetition of words in texts.</li> <li>Identifies full stops and capital letters.</li> <li>Recognises and recalls parts of texts that have been read to them.</li> <li>Retells information gained from text.</li> <li>Identifies sentences in a literary or factual text.</li> </ul>

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1	<ul> <li>By the end of Semester 1 – Level 11.</li> <li>By the end of Semester 2 – Level 16.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognise an increasing number of high-frequency sight words.</li> <li>Demonstrate an early ability to see small words within bigger words.</li> <li>Recognise lower case and upper case letters.</li> <li>Read environmental print.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Segment spoken cv, vc and cvc words into separate sounds.</li> <li>Blend single sounds to form a spoken word.</li> <li>Delete onset from a spoken word to utter the rime separately, or to make a new spoken word. (Say 'sheet' without the 'sh').</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand the difference between letter names and letter sounds.</li> <li>Understand that letter names remain constant but the sounds they represent may vary.</li> <li>Know the names and most common sounds for all single letters.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Attempts to self-correct when meaning is disrupted while reading.</li> <li>Maintains continuity in understanding when meaning is disrupted.</li> <li>Responds to punctuation when reading aloud.</li> <li>Talks about own interpretation of information</li> </ul>
2	<ul> <li>By the end of Semester 1 – Level 20.</li> <li>By the end of Semester 2 – Level 24.</li> <li>Reads texts about less familiar topics.</li> <li>Reads a variety of more complex literary and factual texts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognise an increasing number of high-frequency sight words.</li> <li>Demonstrate an early ability to see small words within bigger words.</li> <li>Recognise lower case and upper case letters.</li> <li>Read environmental print.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>segment consonant blends (cc – s-p-o-t; ccc – s-p-l-i-t) to show awareness of identity of separate phonemes (tr-, dr-), with attention to how they are formed in the mouth.</li> <li>Blend single sounds to form a spoken word (ccvc - slip; cvcc - desk; cccvc – street; ccvcc – crust).</li> <li>Manipulate phonemes to make new words (exchange one sound in a spoken word with a different sound to make a new word).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Blend sounds in written vc, cv, cvc words to work out unknown words.</li> <li>Recognise consonant digraphs (sh, ch, th, wh, ph).</li> <li>Recognise common vowel digraphs (ea, ay, ar, er, or).</li> <li>Recognise long vowel sounds (silent 'e').</li> <li>Segment written words into onset and rime (slip – sl-ip)</li> <li>Build word families using words with known rhymes (day, bay, ray).</li> <li>Recognise that common suffixes in words can have different sounds (talked, wanted, rubbed).</li> <li>Identify the sounds of known letter clusters, syllables or rimes in unknown words.</li> </ul>	provided.
3	<ul> <li>By the end of Semester 1 – Level 30.</li> <li>Then 30+.</li> <li>Reads more</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Build fluency and automaticity in recall of an expanding number of words in literary and factual texts.</li> <li>Find known letter clusters,</li> </ul>	Continued development of phonemic awareness through learning experiences in which letters are linked to sounds in phonics and spelling	<ul> <li>Read unknown words (two syllables) in syllable chunks, rather than separate sounds.</li> <li>Read multisyllabic words with known prefixes and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uses a range of automatic monitoring and self- correcting methods when reading.</li> <li>Draws on experience or</li> </ul>
4	complex literary and factual texts.	<ul> <li>syllables and smaller words in big words.</li> <li>Automatic processing of letter clusters assists in word recognition.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>activities.</li> <li>Consolidation of phonemic awareness skills through games and activities.</li> <li>Produce a rhyming word that</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>suffixes (un-, non-, -tion, -ness, -able).</li> <li>Recognise contractions.</li> <li>Give the most common sounds for all vowel digraphs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>knowledge of the topic or context to work out the meaning of unknown words.</li> <li>Reads texts aloud, using appropriate pitch, stress,</li> </ul>

			<ul> <li>begins with the same sound.</li> <li>Delete consonants from consonant blends to make a new word (smack without the m).</li> <li>Delete 'n' from final blends ('went' without the 'n').</li> </ul>	(cl <u>ou</u> d) and trigraphs (h <u>igh</u> ).	emphasis, pause and intonation.  • Makes substitutions or omissions that maintain meaning when reading.
6	<ul> <li>Reads extended novels and informational texts for personal enjoyment, interest and research.</li> <li>Reads texts demanding a degree of technicality and abstraction.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Build fluency and automaticity in recall of almost all words in the spoken vocabulary.</li> <li>Automatically process longer words in terms of letter cluster, syllables and smaller words in big words.</li> </ul>	Display complex oral phonemic manipulation skills, eg spoonerisms.	<ul> <li>Students should be able to read familiar and unfamiliar words effortlessly and accurately by drawing on a range of word-identification strategies.</li> <li>Use knowledge of a wide range of graphophonic relationships involving a variety of letter patterns (single letters, vowel and consonant digraphs, letter clusters and patterns.</li> <li>Recognise smaller meaning units within larger words (base words, prefixes, suffixes, compound words).</li> <li>Use knowledge of root words and word origins.</li> <li>Sound out unknown words (two or more syllables) in chunks rather than single letters.</li> <li>Read aloud, demonstrating good control of intonation, pause and stress.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Attempts several strategies when reading difficult texts.</li> <li>Adjusts reading strategies for different texts and different purposes.</li> <li>Uses knowledge about texts and word origins and word building strategies to work out new words.</li> </ul>

READING STAGE STATEMENTS								
Taken from English K-6 Syllabus (1998)								
EARLY STAGE 1	STAGE 1	STAGE 2	STAGE 3					
Students demonstrate a growing understanding of the reading process, which involves integrating a range of skills and strategies while independently reading and viewing texts.  Students recognise literary and factual texts. In responding to and discussing texts read aloud by the teacher, they relate what they know about the world and their own experiences to the ideas, events and information in texts.	Students read short literary and factual texts. They recognise the structure and grammar of several types of texts. Students can now interpret and discuss the meanings they find in written and visual texts. They understand that texts are produced by people for different purposes and different audiences and that texts represent real and imaginary experiences in different ways.	Students can read independently a wide range of texts on challenging topics. They recognise and discuss relationships between ideas, information and events in these texts. They have a grasp of simple symbolic meanings and stereotypes and of the purposes and characteristics of different types of texts. They can discuss different interpretations of visual texts.	Students read independently a wide range of texts with increasing complexity. Students try to understand written and visual texts containing unfamiliar concepts and topics, and texts that use language in relatively complex ways. They recognise points of view. They justify their own interpretations by referring to the text and to their own knowledge and experience.					
	READING (	OUTCOMES						
	Learning	g to Read						
		ge of texts and the development of associated re	ading skills and strategies.					
RES1.5  Demonstrates developing reading skills to read short, predictable written texts on familiar topics.	RS1.5 Reads a wider range of texts on less familiar topics with increasing independence and understanding, making connections between own knowledge and experience and information in texts.	RS2.5 Reads independently a wide range of texts on increasingly challenging topics and justifies own interpretation of ideas, information and events.	RS3.5 Reads independently an extensive range of texts with increasing content demands and responds to themes and issues.					
RES1.6  Demonstrates developing reading skills and strategies when reading books, dealing with print and comprehending texts.	RS1.6 Draws on an increasing range of skills and strategies when reading and comprehending text.	RS2.6 Uses efficiently an integrated range of skills and strategies when reading and interpreting written texts.	RS3.6 Uses a comprehensive range of skills and strategies appropriate to the type of text being read.					
		out Reading						
These outcomes		of explicit knowledge of how written language	works in context					
		res and features of written language.						
RES1.7  Demonstrates an emerging awareness that written and visual texts convey meaning and recognises that there are different kinds of texts that serve different purposes.  RES1.8  Identifies some basic language structures and features of texts.	RS1.7 Understands that texts are constructed by people and identifies ways in which texts differ according to their purpose, audience and subject matter.  RS1.8 Identifies the text structure and basic grammatical features of a limited range of text types.	RS2.7 Discusses how writers relate to their readers in different ways, how they create a variety of worlds through language and how they use language to achieve a wide range of purposes.  RS2.8 Discusses the text structure of a range of text types and the grammatical features that are characteristic of those text types.	RS3.7 Critically analyses techniques used by writers to create certain effects, to use language creatively, to position the reader in various ways and to construct different interpretations of experience.  RS3.8 Identifies the text structure of a wider range of more complex text types and discusses how the characteristic grammatical features work to influence readers' and viewers' understanding of the text.					